

Introduction

This paper will focus on the benefits of leveraging the existing capital investment of ATSC 3.0 Datacasting infrastructure to combine the higher availability of national broadcast distribution with Edge Life cycle management and Resilient Connectivity to protect lives, property and natural resources for Enhanced First Responder Services and Capabilities.

A remote responder is any person or group of people who go to rural areas where connectivity and infrastructure are minimal and intermittent to respond to emergencies impacting life, property and natural resources. Examples include forest firefighters, smokejumper firefighters who go where equipment cannot, first responders (police, fire, medical), National Guard as well as tactical military units.

The typical definition of the edge is any location or device which is one network hop from a reliable network connection. We further the definition of the **remote edge** as any edge location or device which has unreliable and intermittent network connectivity. Furthermore, these connections are characterized by low throughput, high cost, on-demand, ad hoc networks which are typically in low population density areas.

When operating at the remote edge, the remote responder needs:

Situational awareness with real-time information

- Resilient connectivity
 - Availability based on PACE plans
 - Availability of high value communication when using low throughput links
- Resilient Continuity of Edge devices with Life-cycle management

To address these remote responder needs, we explore the combination of the following technologies:

- ATSC 3.0, known as NextGen TV to datacast files, alerts, video using highly available, national coverage
- Edge Life Cycle Management infrastructure software to visualize, monitor, and update operating systems and workloads to keep Distributed Edge Devices operating through feature enhancements, bugs fixes and hot patches
- Blending different network technologies from multiple providers to deliver greater reliability and a higher throughput with connection diversity

This paper will explore the combination of the three technologies for remote responders who fight forest fires to demonstrate how life, property and natural resources can be saved with Enhanced Remote Responders Services.

ATSC 3.0 Overview

ATSC 3.0, also known as NextGen TV, is the third generation of the Advanced Television Systems Committee (ATSC) digital television standard. It offers several benefits over its predecessor, ATSC 1.0, including:

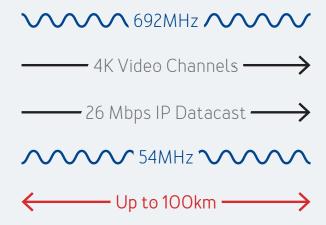
- 1. Enhanced picture and sound quality:
 ATSC 3.0 supports higher resolution
 and frame rates, wider color gamut,
 and immersive audio technologies, such
 as Dolby Atmos, for a more immersive
 viewing experience.
- 2. **Better reception**: ATSC 3.0 has improved signal reception capabilities, making it easier for viewers to receive signals in areas with weak signal strength or interference.
- 3. Interactivity: ATSC 3.0 enables broadcasters to provide interactive content and services, such as targeted advertising, personalized content, and interactive applications.

- 4. **Mobility**: ATSC 3.0 supports mobile reception, allowing viewers to receive content on their smartphones and other portable devices.
- 5. Emergency alerts: ATSC 3.0 has a robust emergency alert system that can deliver important information to viewers in real-time during emergencies, including weather alerts, evacuation notices, and other critical information.
- 6. Datacasting: ATSC 3.0 enables broadcasters to use their spectrum to deliver data services, such as weather updates, software upgrades, real time video distribution of video segments, alerts and news headlines, and other information to the remote edge.

ATSC 3.0 operates in the lower frequency bands and travels further and penetrates buildings or obstacles compared to higher bands which can't be received as far away.

ATSC 3.0,

Broadcast



ATSC 3.0 has a significant advantage in price/cost for content distribution due to the ability to reuse the capacity many times over i.e. one file can be sent to many endpoints at the same time. This also has the advantage of offloading terrestrial networks and avoiding congestion.

While IP networks have traditionally been asymmetric, many of today's applications further drive an explosion in usage such as video streaming, firmware updates (autonomous vehicle, gaming consoles, IoT, etc.) and distance learning only accelerate the trend. This one-way connection further opens a broad range of applications such as improving position accuracy, improving time accuracy, GPS replacement in denied applications, industrial automation, alerting, security token distribution and CDN offload.

ATSC 3.0 is an established standard with a broad range of chip sets embedded in a wide range of form factors including dongles, SDR radios, compute boards and gateway devices. More information can be found at www.atsc.org.

ATSC 3.0 ushers in a large-scale advance for broadcasting technology that brings together the capabilities of over-the-air (OTA) broadcasting, the internet, and a host of additional use cases that provide the opportunity for companies like PEAK3 to partner with the broadcasters and demonstrate the true value of the spectrum they now possess.

ATSC 3.0 is a smarter way to reach edge devices.



Edge Life Cycle Management

Edge Life Cycle Management Problem

Managing an Edge network

Managing devices at the remote edge presents some notable challenges including:

- Network quality: Intermittent, low throughput, expensive
- Physical and Network Security: highly distributed network with a large attack surface
- Many different device types from different vendors
- Critical Operating System and Workload updates (trucks roll if you brick the unit!)
- All operations must be done over the air without impacting service

Edge Management Solution: Zededa

Zededa is a software company that provides a cloud-native edge computing platform. The company's platform enables enterprises to run and control their applications and workloads at the distributed edge of the network, closer to where the data is generated and consumed. This helps improve application performance, reduce latency, and enhance security.

Zededa's platform consists of several components, including:

- 1. Edge Virtualization: Zededa provides a lightweight virtualization layer that runs on edge devices, enabling enterprises to run multiple applications in isolated containers.
- 2. Edge Orchestration: Zededa's platform includes an orchestration layer that manages the deployment, configuration, and monitoring of applications at the edge.
- Edge Security: Zededa provides a secure platform that includes built-in security features, such as secure boot, secure updates, and hardware root of trust.
- 4. Edge Analytics: Zededa's platform includes built-in analytics capabilities that enable enterprises to collect and analyze data at the edge in real-time, helping them make faster, more informed decisions.

ATSC 3.0 Enabled Edge Management

Combining the highly resilient, one-to-many efficiency of ATSC 3.0 with the power of Edge Life Cycle Management, expands the reach, reliability and cost effectiveness of the Edge.

Remote edge devices will likely have low throughput, intermittent connectivity using traditional terrestrial wired and wireless networks. With national coverage of resilient ATSC 3.0 coverage, critical updates can be safely distributed to remote devices using an out-of-band communication path which avoids congestion of critical networks.

ZEDEDA Architecture with PEAK3

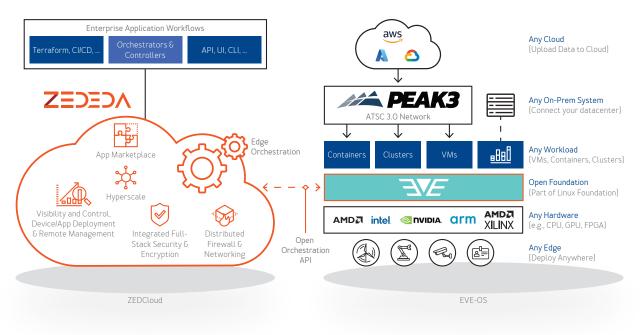


Figure 1 — ATSC 3.0 and Edge Management Architecture

Containerized workloads, VM images and OS image files which would traditionally be passed in a peer-to-peer connection, can now be offloaded to the Peak3 file distribution network to be broadcast out to multiple devices as one.

Costs are managed by leveraging the ATSC 3.0 network infrastructure rollout and reusing the same "bit" many times.

Resilient Connectivity

Connectivity challenges at the Remote Edge

The remote edge, by definition, is characterized as existing in locations with limited connectivity, which is intermittent and unreliable causing packet drops, increased latency and low data throughput.

The remote edge is also characterized as mobile units which rely on cellular wireless [3G/4G/5G], tactical radio or Satcom for network connectivity.

The remote edge can also be characterized as a network which is ad hoc (created on the fly) with new equipment used to augment and extend networks which either don't exist, are adversarial in nature, or were very limited in coverage or throughput based upon minimal population demand to drive network deployment.

In these conditions, network connectivity can be unavailable for seconds, minutes or hours and requires the device to move to another location to get better reception which is not always possible.

Edge Management Solution: Dejero Smart Blending Technology

As the world continues to become more interconnected and mobile, many organizations are embracing the cloud. They are also becoming reliant on cloud services for collaboration, productivity, and communication—taking advantage of cloud storage, compute, and Al.

Dejero solutions work seamlessly with existing communication systems to enhance connection bandwidth and reliability and perform in scenarios where infrastructure has been damaged or congested. The ability to deliver low-latency, real-time video and data opens up new opportunities for Remote Responders technology programs.

A single connection is not enough.

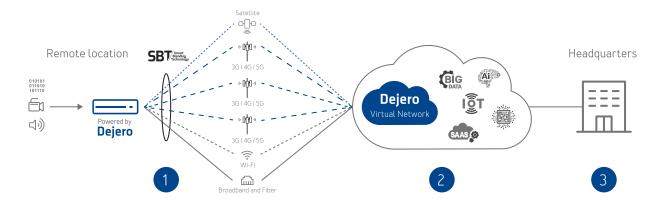
Dejero solutions include equipment that features patented *Smart Blending Technology*™, connectivity services that simplify data plans, and access to Dejero's virtual network. Everything is managed in the cloud and backed by industry-leading support.

Unlike traditional failover or link aggregation solutions, Dejero simultaneously blends together multiple wired (broadband, fiber) and wireless (3G/4G/5G, Wi-Fi, satellite) IP connections from multiple providers to form a virtual Dejero 'network of networks.'

Dejero dynamically and intelligently manages the fluctuating bandwidth, packet loss, and latency differences of individual connections in real-time.

The result is reliable, high-bandwidth connectivity when and where you need it.

For Remote Responders, staying connected is mission critical. Having only one connection path leaves them vulnerable to having insufficient bandwidth to carry out key tasks, or in the worst case, downtime.



- Combine the bandwidth of multiple network providers and diverse technologies with Smart Blending Technology
- Figure 2 Dejero Smart Blending

Dejero products - GateWay M6E6F and GateWay 211 - are FirstNet Ready and provide access to the nationwide public safety communications platform in the United States.

FirstNet is the nationwide wireless communications network built with and for first responders and the public safety community. With FirstNet, law enforcement officers, firefighters and EMS get prioritized connectivity, so they can focus on keeping their communities safe.

- 2. Access cloud resources such as compute, storage and software...
- 3. ...or connect to resources at headquarters or datacenters

In this new connected world, reliable connectivity is key. For Dejero, the vision is to provide that connectivity, anywhere.

ATSC 3.0 Enabled Resilient Connectivity

With national coverage, long distance, highly available, high penetration signal, ATSC 3.0 datacasting is a powerful addition to improve connectivity availability. The intrinsic one-to-many nature of ATSC 3.0 is perfectly suited for distribution of shared content to offload other communications channels.

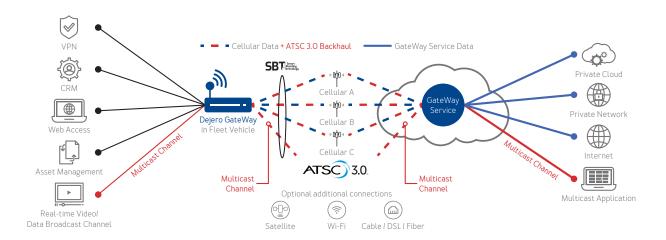


Figure 3 — ATSC 3.0 Enhanced Resilient Connectivity

Use Case: Fighting Forest Fires with Enhanced Services

ATSC 3.0 + Edge Management + Resilient Connectivity

Forest fires represent a persistent and significant danger to life, property and natural resources across North America and around the world. Some facts:

- 1. There were 5,984 wildfires in 2021
- 2. The United States averaged 46 acres burned per fire in 2021
- 3. More than 2 million homes in California are at extreme risk of damage from wildfire

- 4. Humans cause nearly 85% of wildfires
- 5. Wildfires caused \$16.5 billion in damage in 2020
- 6. There has been a clear increase in the number of forest fires since the 1980s
- 7. Fires killed more than 1,400 senior citizens in 2019

While the winter of 2022/2023 has brought much needed relief to parts of North America, the long-term outlook continues to point to rising temperatures, drier forests and increased fires









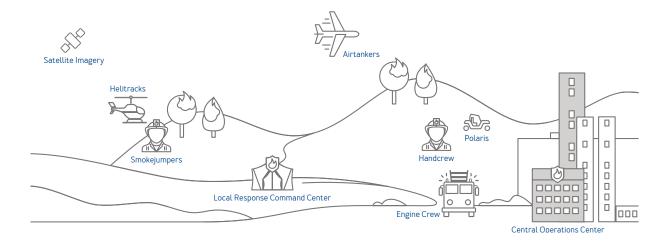


Figure 4 — Remote Responder Operational View

To fight a forest fire requires many types of assets be mobilized, including:

- Engine crews range in size from two to ten firefighters. They work with specialized wildland fire engines that carry special equipment to spray water and foam.
- Handcrews construct fire lines, which resemble a hiking trail, by removing burnable woody material down to mineral soil that cannot burn or smolder.
- Airtankers and helicopters can drop water to wet or cool down vegetation reducing fire intensity.
- Helitrack crews are teams of firefighters who are transported by helicopter to wildfires. Once on the ground, crews build fire lines using hand tools, chainsaws, and other firefighting tools. They often remain overnight in remote locations. After they have completed their assignment, crew members may pack up to 120 pounds of equipment over difficult terrain to reach a pick-up point.

- Smokejumpers travel all over the country, including Alaska, to provide highly trained, experienced firefighters and leadership for quick initial attack on wildfires in remote areas. Firefighting tools, food and water are dropped by parachute to the firefighters after they land making them self-sufficient for the first 48 hours.
- Satellite imagery and onsite video feeds from mobile assets.

All these assets need to coordinate and communicate to safely and effectively fight a forest fire.

When operating at the remote edge, the remote responder needs:

- Situational awareness through real-time information
- Resilient connectivity
 - Availability based on a PACE plan
 - Availability of high value communication when using low throughput links

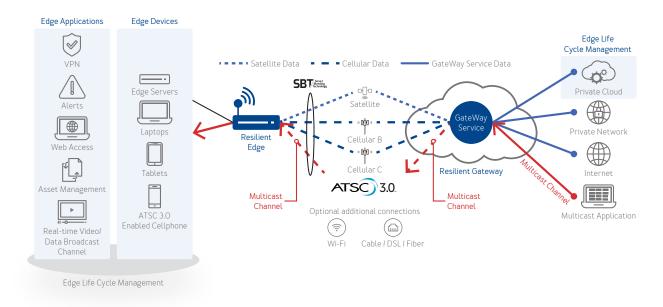


Figure 5 — Enhanced Remote Responders Solution

• Resilient continuity of Edge devices with life-cycle management

The PACE plan (Primary, Alternate, Contingency and Emergency) method determines which parties need to communicate, and then identifies the four best methods of communication between those parties as technology degrades or becomes unavailable. When planning for communication contingencies, it's vital to create different levels of communication to account for unpredictable variables as every situation will have different needs according to the type of emergency.

Remote Responders Solution

Managing a network is hard. Managing an ad hoc, remote, austere network under emergency situations where availability and timeliness will directly impact preservation of lives, property and natural resources presents an especially difficult challenge.

With the combined solution, Remote Responders' services and capabilities are enhanced through:

- Hands-free, always-on real-time contextual alerting
- Situational awareness with real-time distribution of satellite imagery and on-site video feeds
- Better connectivity by combining multiple channels including ATSC 3.0 for higher availability and higher throughput
- Offload of shared file/context to preserve available two-way bandwidth capacity
- Equipment continuity with OTA/outof-band edge Life-cycle management software to visualize, monitor, and update operating systems and workloads to keep Distributed Edge Devices operating through feature enhancements, bugs fixes and hot patches

Enhanced First Responder Services Solution Partners

About Peak3

PEAK3 has a long-term engagement with the spectrum owners to offer this alternative data highway to its many technology partners, its enterprise clients, and to its engineering teams to further develop novel applications where the ATSC 3.0 value proposition can enable the edge-device community. From hardware architecture through the application layer, the PEAK3 team has a rich history of successful enterprise edge deployments and IT system designs and operations.

We recognize the unique value proposition ATSC 3.0 provides in delivering secure, efficient, data-delivery methods to the edge. The foundation of our business model is Data-Streaming as a Service for organizations wanting to efficiently get data from one point to many.

PEAK3 provides a standards-based, open, end-to-end, nationwide, wireless, IP, multicast network. In simple terms, we provide a cost-effective datacasting pipe for Internet Service Providers, public and private cloud providers, and any organizations operating large edge device architecture.

About Dejero

Driven by a vision of reliable connectivity anywhere, Dejero delivers real-time video and networking solutions that provide resilient, uninterrupted internet connectivity for critical communications. Powered by intelligent network aggregation technology, Dejero combines diverse telecommunication networks including 4G/5G cellular, GEO/MEO/LEO satellite, and fixed broadband to create a software-defined 'network of networks' managed in the cloud. The result is enhanced reliability, expanded coverage, and greater bandwidth for their global customers.

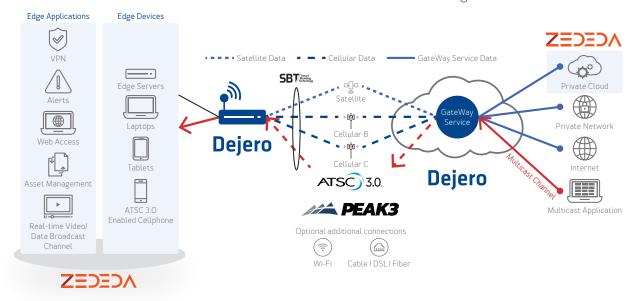


Figure 6 - Remote Responders Solution Partners

Distributed Edge Landscape & ZEDEDA Customers



About Zededa

ZEDEDA is a cloud-native SaaS-based solution, leveraging an open-source OS and a robust partner ecosystem with an extensive application marketplace.

Conclusion

ATSC 3.0 Datacasting, Edge Life-Cycle Management and *Smart Blending Technology* combine to enhance Remote Responder services and capabilities.

Some key benefits include:

- Leveraging the long distance, highly penetrating, national coverage of ATSC 3.0 to extend the use of Smart Blending Technology to deliver resilient connectivity to the remote edge.
- Leverage the one-to-many nature of ATSC 3.0 deliver workloads and updates to a distributed remote edge network with higher availability and lower cost.

ATSC 3.0 Datacasting's ability to reuse the same "bit" many times over significantly reduces distribution costs while leveraging the upgraded infrastructure and spectrum of the ATSC 3.0 national network.

Beyond firefighters, other examples of remote responders include first responders, the energy sector, National Guard, military, mining, among others could also benefit from this combined technology.

